

The CEFR Companion volume with New Descriptors – defining and activating 'soft' skills for professional success

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EUROCENTRES Language Learning Worldwide

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About Eaquals

Mission: 'To foster excellence in language education across the world by providing guidance and support to teaching institutions and individuals'

Language learning for Global Citizenship 'Through our strong educational principles and values, Eaquals has become the leading professional association for language education throughout the world.'



About Eurocentres

Mission:

'To prepare individuals to study, work and live successfully in a foreign language and culture.'

Vision: 'We are THE worldwide benchmark for learning& teaching a / in a foreign language.'



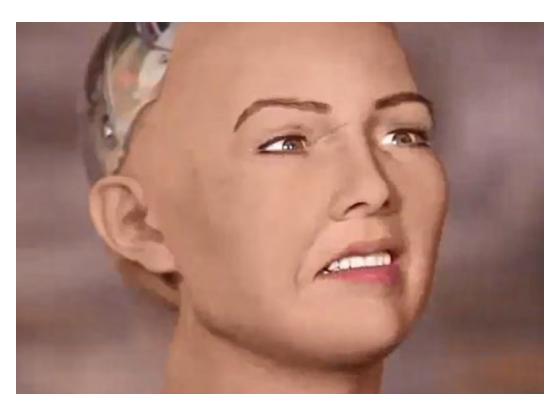
Agenda

- I. Context for discussion
- **II.** The CEFR and its 21st century impact
- **III.** Why a new Companion Volume?
- IV. Activating 'soft' communication skills for professional success



I. Context for discussion

Disruption



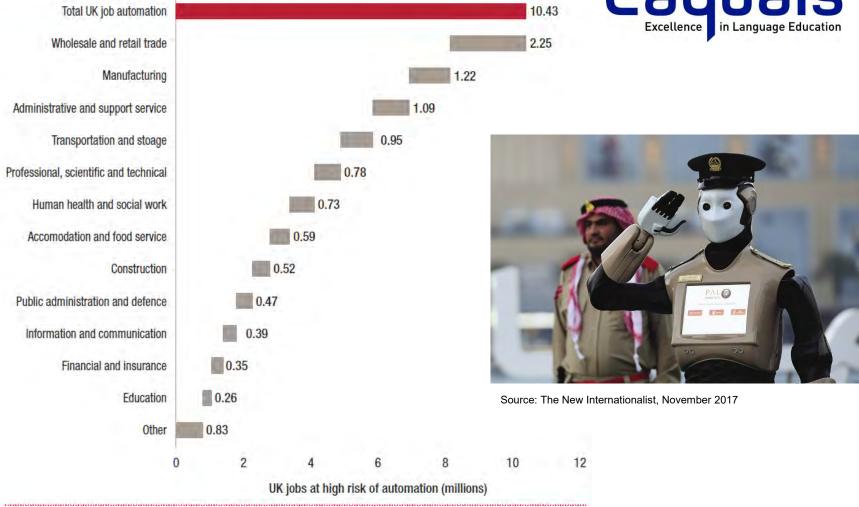
Source: CNBC, accessed November 2017





Data from April 2017





Sources: ONS; PIAAC data; PwC analysis

Taken from Price Waterhouse Cooper report <u>www.pwc.co.uk/economics</u> - Will Robots Steal Our Jobs? , 2017

Figure 4.3 - Potential jobs at high risk of automation by UK industry sector

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Warm up

With a partner / colleague, rate to what extent you expect 'disruption' to affect the English language learning needs of clients in your context(s)





An unlikely scenario?



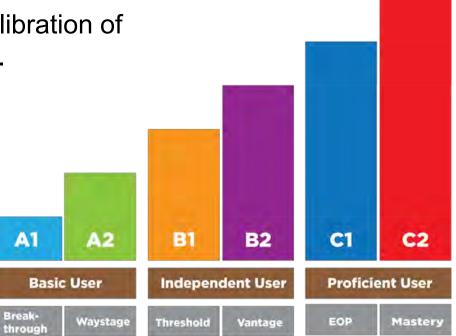


II. The CEFR and its 21st century impact

What is the CEFR?



- A descriptive scheme and common scale of linguistic and communicative competences.
- Scales based on statistical calibration of individual 'can do' descriptors.
- Applicable across different languages.
- Policy instrument widely used for visa and university language requirements.

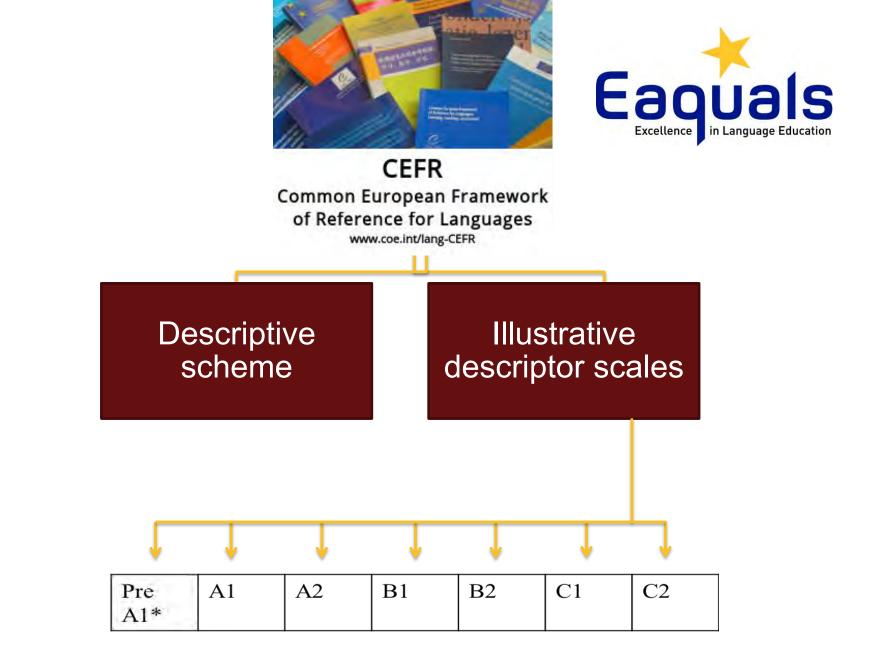


A global benchmark





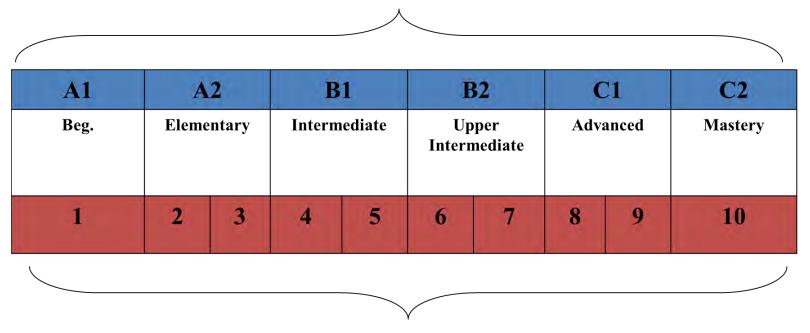
- The Common European Framework of Reference has been recognised worldwide as a benchmark for describing and profiling language and communicative ability
- Its is available in more than 40 languages, including sign language



Pedagogic example (Eurocentres)



CEFR levels used for course organisation

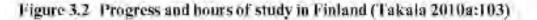


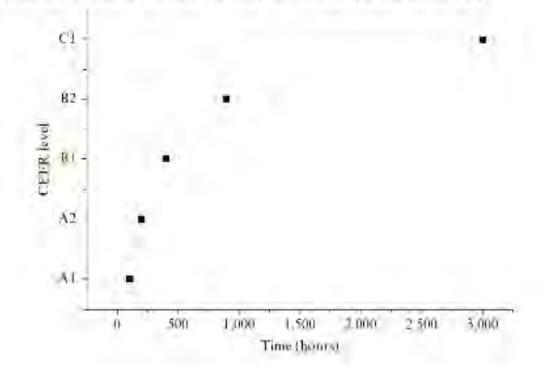
Numbered levels used for accurately assessing proficiency



Progress

The CEFR Common Reference Levels





Takala (2010b) in North (2017) The CEFR in Practice

Musicianship: a performance analogy

- I can play 'Greensleeves'
- I can play 'Chopsticks'
- I can play Rachmaninov's Piano concerto no.2
- I can name that tune in 4
- I can quickly transcribe music with high precision

From the CEFR

- Can agree and disagree with others (informal discussion A2)
- Can ask people for things and give people things (goal-oriented cooperation A1)
- Can give clear, smoothly flowing, elaborate and often memorable descriptions (Sustained monologue C2)
- Can catch the main point in short, clear simple messages and announcements (Listening to announcements & instructions A2)
- Can take detailed notes during a lecture on topics in my field of interest, recording the information so accurately and so close to the original that the notes could also be useful to other people (Note-taking in lectures, seminars etc. C1)



The CEFR Scales in language pedagogy



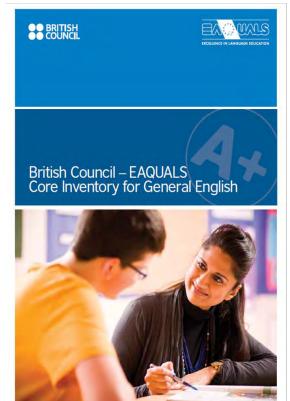
'Unzipped'* / course- adapted <i>can do</i> s	 Pedagogic aims supported by classroom tasks and language specifications]	Teaching and learning aims
Communicative language activities	 Observable outcomes Appraisal of task achievement 		Scales in CEFR chapter 4
Communicative language competences	 Observable behaviours Detailed assessment criteria 		Scales in CEFR chapter 5
Global scale descriptors	 Self-evaluation Global assessment criteria 		Scales in CEFR chapter 3

Specifications for languages



Core inventories for English and French developed through Eurocentres/Eaquals collaboration

With British Council

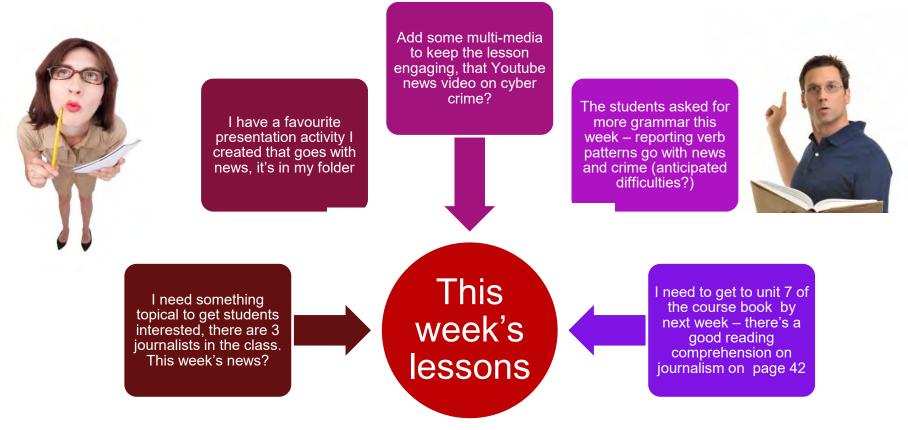


With CIEP



Impact on teaching and learning





....and the communicative aim is?



Activity (10 minutes):

Look at our fictional teacher's thoughts on handout 1

Help her/him to formulate some communicative lesson aims, selecting and adapting from the given B2 syllabus of communicative tasks based on *can do* statements

- What effect might looking at the communicative can do statements have on the lesson focus?
- What could help the teacher work in the opposite direction ftom communicative aims to content?
- What else might a teacher do with these communicative aims apart from writing them on the board?

Establish a pedagogic lingua franca



Coherence between the institution's stated **educational philosophy and pedagogic approach** (as set out in the relevant documents) and classroom practice is apparent.

Sampling of live online lessons and / or E-learning shows that lesson content and exploitation of the online medium is consistent with the stated aims and description of the course.

5.1 The course books or other core course materials, online learning platforms and resources, and reference materials reflect course objectives and the methodology used Online content is accessible for teachers to preview with sufficient clarity so that they can: - find things quickly and easily according to focus and level of challenge - recognize the function played by each type of material

- allocate or recommend relevant material to learners accordingly.



And make it ubiquitous

L	evels	EURG	CENTRES	Our	EUROCENTRES	Weekly Plan	EUROCENTRES
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Receptive Skills	0/9
istening text types	0/9
Reading Text Types	1/8
Spoken Interaction	1/7
28. Manage interaction (interrupt, change topic, invite another speaker to	o come in or to continue).
 28. Manage Interaction (Interrupt, change topic, invite another speaker to (0) 29. Find out and pass on detailed information, ask follow up questions and get 30. Evaluate advantages and disadvantages and participate in reaching a 31 Express agreement, disagreement and reactions including interest, s (0) 32. Express attitudes, personal feelings and emotions . (0) 33. Make and respond to assumptions, deductions and hypotheses. (0) 	I clanification (1) a decision. (0)

Lesson

9.15-10.55

Monday

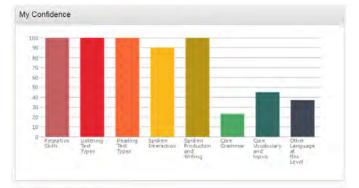
Tuesday

Wednesday

Thursday

Friday

LISTENING F	RESO	URCE	S FIND	DER: G	LA (p	m) A2	+		EUR	DCEN	TRES			
Level Aims (ticks to be refe guide)		Books and ed books a stock		ng Script M locuments chools	lumbers: to be]								
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Accommodation / homes	×				*		5.9	28.4	50		3	36		1.26
Animals & nature			N.		1					p.24.2, p.32.2	11.11		1,32-33	11
Asking for / giving information	A.	d.		2		1						20		
Biography / life experiences / ambitions	2				7				31	p.20.2	24.1-2		1.6, 2.34	2 40-41
Countries / Nationalities / Culture	140				Ŧ		1.1-3	15.4	1,3		20.2-4	1.3	1.31, 1.38	
Crime / the law / danger	10				×			31.5. 38.4	58	p 68 2			1.47, 2.29	



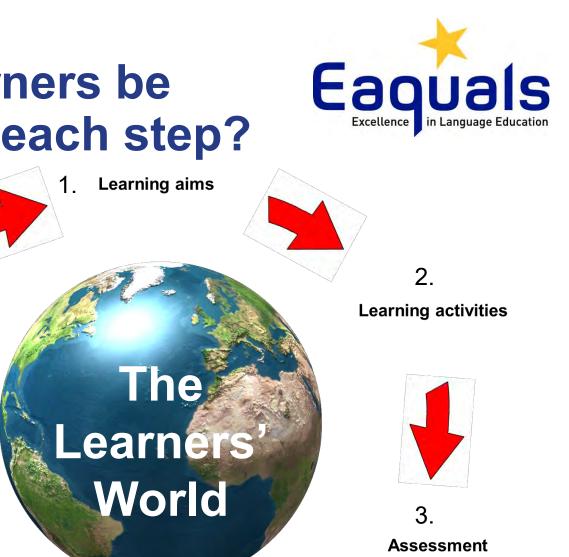
Self-assessment and tutorials

View my aims

At level B1, I feel confident in the following aims.

· Receptive Skills:

- Pocus on information that is interesting or important to you
- Distinguish the main point from specific details
- Understand the important details
- Understand a line of argument and main conclusions



How can learners be consulted at each step?

6. **Course design** 5. **Needs analysis** 4 **Remedial practice**



II. Why a new Companion Volume?



Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)

Resources -

Home

Introduction • Purposes •

COUNCIL OF EUROPE

Learning, Teaching, Assessment

Tests/Examinations

You are here: Democracy

mocracy Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)

Levels -

Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: Learning, Teaching, Assessment (CEFR)

A transparent, coherent and comprehensive reference instrument

The result of over twenty years of research, the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: Learning, teaching, assessment (CEFR) is exactly what its title says it is: a framework of reference. It was designed to provide a transparent, coherent and comprehensive basis for the elaboration of language syllabuses and curriculum guidelines, the design of teaching and learning materials, and the assessment of foreign language proficiency. It is used in Europe but also in other continents.

The CEFR is available in 40 languages



CEFR Common European Framework of Reference for Languages www.coe.int/lang-CEFR

🇱 New

The CEFR Companion Volume with New Descriptors (Provisional Edition) is now available. The French version will be published in late autumn.

It is intended as a complement to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: Learning, teaching, assessment (CEFR). It represents another important step in a process that has been pursued by the Council of Europe since 1971 and owes much to the contributions of members of the language teaching profession across Europe and beyond.

The "Companion Volume" is the Council of Europe's response to requests that have been made by the groups involved in the field of language education to complement the original illustrative scales with more descriptors. In addition to the extended illustrative descriptors, it contains an introduction to the aims and main principles of the CEFR.

The CEFR online :

- Full 2001 English text
 - Prefatory Note
 - · Notes for the User
 - Synopsis

Contact us

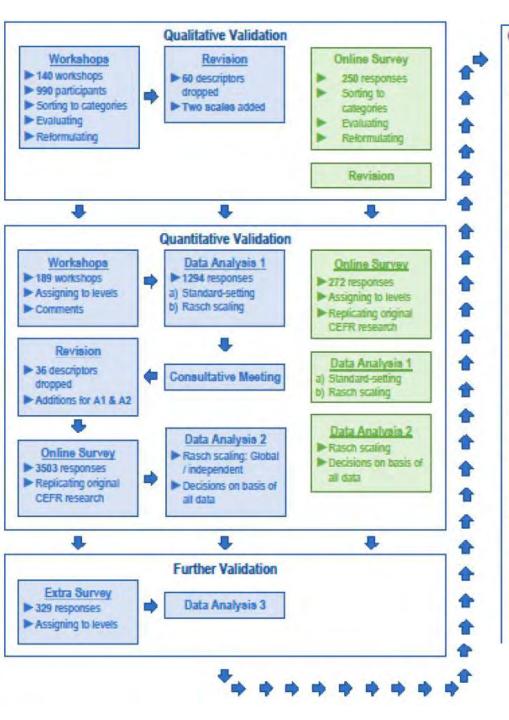
CEFR 2017 Companion
 Volume

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Enrichment and **extension** of the CEFR

Activitie	S	2001 descriptive scheme	2001 illustrative scales (levels and descriptors)	Extended / enriched in new CEFR Companion Volume	Added in new CEFR Companion Volume	
Reception	Spoken	\checkmark		V		
	Written	\checkmark	V	V		
	Strategies	\checkmark	\checkmark	V		
Production	Spoken	V		V		
	Written	\checkmark	V	V		
	Strategies	\checkmark	\checkmark	V		
Interaction	Spoken	\checkmark	1	V		
	Written	V	N	V		
	Strategies	\checkmark	\checkmark	V		
	Online	100000			4	
Mediation	Spoken	\checkmark			V	
	Written	\checkmark			1	
	Strategies	\checkmark			V	
Other Scales	Literature & Art			1	×	
	Plurilingual / Pluricultural				1	







Contents of the Companion Volume with New Descriptors



Text	 Introduction Key aspects of the CEFR for teaching and learning 					
Scales	 All the CEFR illustrative scales in one place Extended and new scales 					
Appendices	 Tools for assessment Methodology reference Examples of tasks in different domains 					

Mediation – the 'x' factor Eaquals for employability

"Taking the dynamic nature of meaning making to another level."

(North & Piccardo, 2017)

- facilitating access to information and ideas
- promoting better understanding between different viewpoints
- reducing tensions, fostering an environment conducive to the above





How mediation 'fits'

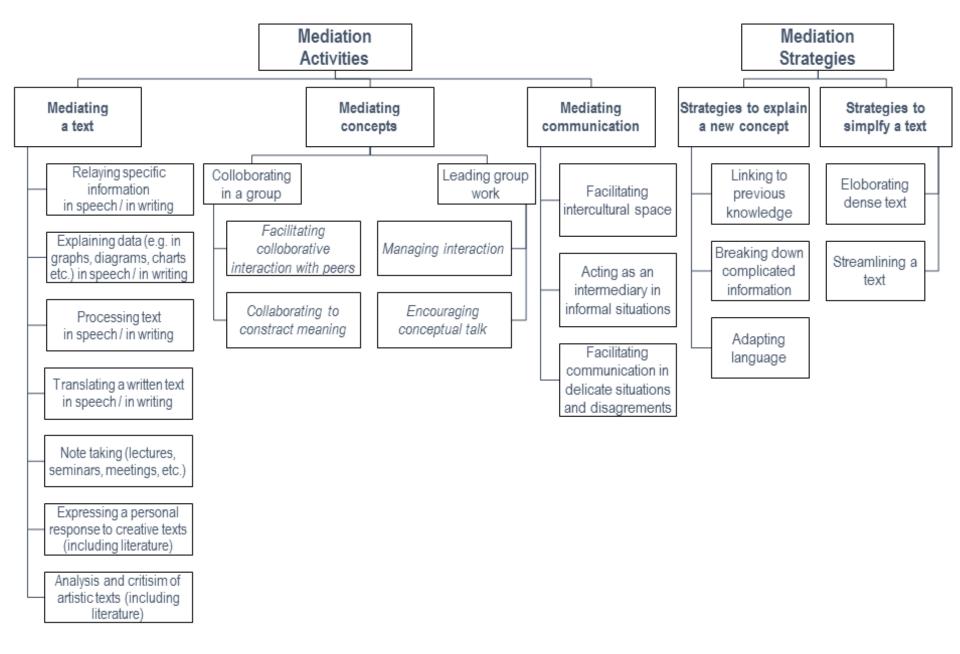
 Table 1 – Macro-functional basis of CEFR categories for communicative language activities

	RECEPTION	PRODUCTION	INTERACTION	MEDIATION
Creative, Interpersonal Language Use	e.g. Reading as a leisure activity	e.g. Sustained monologue: Describing experience	e.g. Conversation	Mediating communication
Transactional Language Use	e.g. Reading for information and argument	e.g. Sustained monologue: Giving information	e.g. Obtaining goods and services Information exchange	Mediating a text
Evaluative, Problem-solving Language Use	(Merged with reading for information and argument)	e.g. Sustained monologue: Presenting a case	e.g. Discussion	Mediating concepts

MEDIATING A TEXT

RELAYING	SPECIFIC INFORMATION IN SPEECH	TEXT (& DISCOURSE ENVIRO	ONMENT)					
LEVEL	DESCRIPTORS	PERSONAL	PUBLIC	OCCUPATIONAL	EDUCATIONAL			
C2	No descriptor available: see C1							
С1	Can explain (in Language B) the relevance of specific information given in a particular section of a long, complex text (written in Language A).	in an article, website, book or talk face-to-face / online concerning current affairs or an area of personal interest or concern	from presentations at public meetings, from public documents explaining policy changes, political speeches		an article, book, reference book or lecture/presentation			
B2	Can relay (in Language B) which presentations given in (Language A) at a conference, which articles in a book (written in Language A) are particularly relevant for a specific purpose.	webtalk / self help group explanations (e.g. how to repair your printer); articles related to a particular theme or current issue of interest	presentations at public meetings, from public documents explaining policy changes a press conference, on various web talk sites, in relation to a particular issue		an academic conference, various webtalk sites, from academic books and journals – in relation to a particular project			
	Can relay (in Language B) the main point(s) contained in formal correspondence and/or reports on general subjects and on subjects related to his/her fields of interest (written in Language A).	a notice, announcement, letter or email outlining policies, regulations or procedures related to housing, insurance, rent/mortgages, employment or health care	a notice or announcement made by a public authority or facility like a library, swimming pool, etc. outlining regulations or procedures	?	a letter, email or notice outlining university policies, procedures or regulations			
B1	Can relay (in Language B) the content of public announcements and messages spoken in clear, standard (Language A) at normal speed.	on the radio or TV	in a station, airport, sports stadium, at political rallies/events, alerts, warnings or instructions which may be given at an accident site or construction zone		during a university event/lecture, which may take place in a large auditorium			
DI	Can relay (in Language B) the contents of detailed instructions or directions, provided these are clearly articulated (in Language A).	on the radio or TV, from a passer-by such as travel/route information, instructions from a friend over the phone on how to get to a party	instructions at airports, stations and on planes, buses and trains or on how to use simple equipment such as a hotel safe; directions on how to get from X to Y, a travel itinerary		academic regulations, policies/procedures, course/assignment requirements given by a professor/teacher; instructions given on how to use simple research tools to			

Appendix 6 – Examples of use in different domains for descriptors of online interaction and mediation activities > Page 175





II. Activating 'soft' communication skills for professional success

Top 10 skills

in 2020

- 1. Complex Problem Solving
- 2. Critical Thinking
- 3. Creativity
- People Management
- 5. Coordinating with Others
- 6. Emotional Intelligence
- 7. Judgment and Decision Making
- 8. Service Orientation
- 9. Negotiation
- 10. Cognitive Flexibility

in 2015

- 1. Complex Problem Solving
- 2. Coordinating with Others
- 3. People Management
- 4. Critical Thinking
- 5. Negotiation
- 6. Quality Control
- 7. Service Orientation
- 8. Judgment and Decision Making
- 9. Active Listening
- 10. Creativity





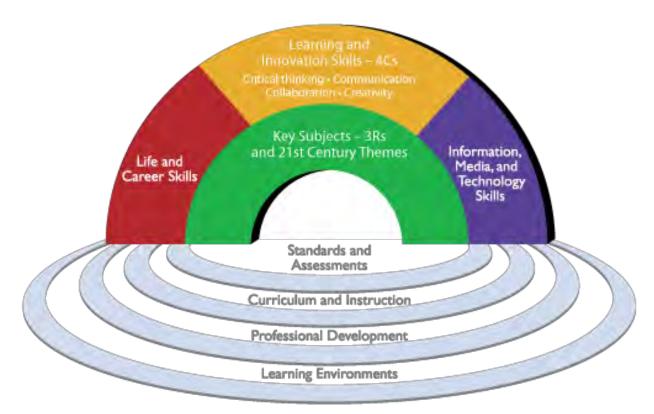


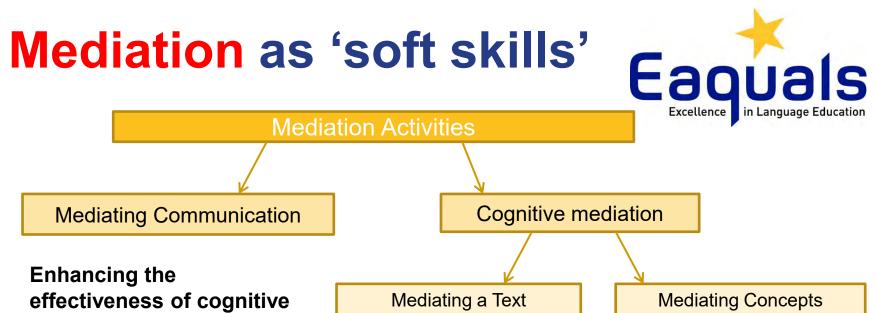
The '21st Century Skills' movement



P21 Framework for 21st Century Learning

21st Century Student Outcomes and Support Systems





mediation by:

- creating a positive atmosphere
- showing cultural awareness
- facilitating collaborative interaction



Relaying / summarising / synthesising information from spoken or written sources (including translation).

Sources include:

- listening material
- reading material
- class discussions / conversations
- data, graphs, statistics
- visuals, diagrams, pictures

Collaborating with others in order to come to a decision or solve a problem.

Includes:

- aiding the development of ideas
- asking questions to stimulate reasoning
- inviting/giving contributions and reactions
- asking for/giving clarification
- making and responding to suggestions

Mediation as 'soft skills'



Mediation Strategies

Aiding access to information and ideas by:

- Linking to previous knowledge
- Expanding and elaborating on content
- Eliminating digressions or non-relevant information
- Breaking down complicated information into smaller component parts
- Adjusting language, style and register
- Adjusting speech-rate, using verbal and non-verbal emphasis

Online Interaction and Collaboration



The new Online Interaction scales include descriptors relating to:

- making postings and responding to comments
- engaging in online exchanges and real-time interactions
- more extensive online collaborations (e.g. in business / academia)
- initiating, maintaining, closing interactions
- adapting style and register to suit the online context / interlocutor / reader
- repairing misunderstandings

Activity: collapsing boundaries between domains

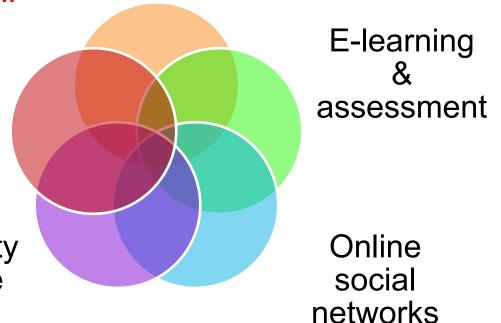


Group task: Invent / present a learning activity with a maximum of 3 general phases, and at least 1 plausible communicative aim from the list given for C1

'Authentic' media

Scoring for overlap 1 circle (no overlap) = 0 2 circles = 2 points 3 circles = 3 points 4 circles = 4 points 5 circles = 5 points

Community language learning Face to face learning & assessment



To recap



- Disruption requires re-skilling and up-skilling
- The CEFR refocuses language learning on transferrable competences
- The new Companion Volume provides scaled descriptors of 'soft' communication skills such as mediating communication
- These descriptors can transparently organise learning and assessment for soft skills training, improved learning consultation and progress reporting



Thank you!

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